

BUDHA DAL PUBLIC SCHOOL PATIALA
FINAL TERM EXAMINATION (3 March 2026)
SOCIAL SCIENCE
Class - IX (Set - A)

Maximum Marks : 80

Time allowed : 3 hours

General Instructions:

1. There are 38 questions in the Question paper. All questions are compulsory.
2. The question paper has Four Sections - A-History, B-Geography C- Political Science and D- Economics.
3. Each Section is of 20 Marks and has MCQs, VSA, SA, LAs and CBQ.
4. Very Short Answer Type Questions (VSA), carry 2 marks each. Answers to each question should not exceed 40 words.
5. Short Answer Type Questions (SA), carry 3 marks each. Answers to each question should not exceed 60 words.
6. Long answer type questions (LA), carry 5 marks each. Answers to each question should not exceed 120 words.
7. There are case based questions (CBQ) with three sub questions and are of 4 marks each. Answers to each question should not exceed 100 words.
8. The map-based questions, carry 5 marks with two parts- Q9 in Section A-History (2 marks) and Q19 in Section B -Geography (3 marks)

Section - A

History (20 Marks)

- 1 Identify the personality and the famous programme introduced by him. (1)

- a) Lenin, Commune Programme
- b) Karl Marx, Dictatorship of working class
- c) Stalin, Collectivisation Programme
- d) F Engels, Communism



2. What was the Dawes Plan's primary purpose? (1)

- a) To establish new political alliances
- b) To unify European currencies
- c) To increase Germany's war debts
- d) To ease the financial burden on Germans.

Match the following and select the correct option: (1)

Column A	Column B
1) French women won the right to vote	a) 1789
2) French convocation of Estates General	b) 1946
3) Abolition of Slavery in France	c) 1804
4) Napoleon becomes Emperor of France	d) 1848

- a) 1-a, 2-b, 3-c, 4-d b) 1-b, 2-c, 3-a, 4-d c) 1-b, 2-a, 3-d, 4-c d) 1-d, 2-b, 3-a, 4-c

A-1

4

There are two statements - Assertion (A), Reason (R). Find the appropriate option given below: (1)

- a) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A.
- b) Both A and R are true and R is not the correct explanation of A.
- c) A is true but R is false.
- d) A is false but R is true.

Assertion (A) : In June 1943, Germany surrendered to the Allies.

Reason (R) : Hitler, his propaganda minister Goebbels and his entire family committed suicide collectively in his Berlin bunker.

5

Why were Socialist against private property and considered it as the root of all social ills? (2)

6

"While the National Assembly was busy at Versailles drafting a constitution, the rest of France seethed with turmoil". Examine the statement. (3)

7

A) How was Nazi propaganda effective in creating a hatred for Jews? (Mention any 5 points) (5)

OR

B) Describe the main events which led to October revolution of 1917 in Russia.

8

Read the given extract/source carefully and answer the following questions:

In 1774, Louis XVI of the Bourbon family of kings ascended the throne of France. Upon his accession the new king found an empty treasury. Long years of war had drained the financial resources of France. Added to this was the cost of maintaining an extravagant court at the immense palace of Versailles. Under Louis XVI, France helped the thirteen American colonies to gain their independence from the common enemy, Britain. The war added more than a billion livres to a debt that had already risen to more than 2 billion livres. Lenders who gave the state credit, now began to charge 10 per cent interest on loans. So the French government was obliged to spend an increasing percentage of its budget on interest payments alone. To meet its regular expenses, such as the cost of maintaining an army, the court, running government offices or universities, the state was forced to increase taxes. Yet even this measure would not have sufficed. French society in the eighteenth century was divided into three estates, and only members of the third estate paid taxes.

- a) Which 2 estates were exempted from payment of taxes in French society? Name them. (1)
- b) Mention the name of the princess to whom Louis XVI was married. (1)
- c) Describe any 2 reasons for the empty treasury of Louis XVI. (2)

9.

Map Skill - Based Questions (2)

On the given outline map of World, locate and label the following major Axis powers of Second World War.

- a) Germany
- b) Italy

Section - B

Geography (20 Marks)

10

There are two statements - Assertion (A), Reason (R). Find the appropriate option given below: (1)

- a) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A.
- b) Both A and R are true and R is not the correct explanation of A.

A-2

- c) A is true but R is false.
d) A is false but R is true.

Assertion (A) : From Gujarat to Arunachal Pradesh there is time lag of 2 hrs.

Reason (R) : Hence, time along standard meridian of India passing through Mirzapur is taken as standard time for whole country.

- 11 _____ Island in Lakshadweep has a bird sanctuary. (1)
a) Mincoy b) Kavaratli c) Pitti d) None of these
- 12 Brahmaputra river is called _____ in Arunachal Pradesh. (1)
a) Dibang b) Lohit c) Dihang d) Tsangpo
- 13 Extreme range between hot summers and cold winters is known as _____. (1)
a) Coriolis force b) Cyclones c) Continentality d) Humidity
- 14 Government of India initiated a comprehensive family planning program in _____. (1)
a) 1950 b) 1942 c) 1952 d) 2000
- 15 Most Peninsular rivers drain into _____. (1)
a) Arabian sea b) Bay of Bengal c) Red sea d) Pacific Ocean
- 16 Classify Himalayas on the basis of region from West to East. (2)
- 17 A) Give an account of weather conditions and characteristics of hot weather season. (5)

OR

B) Explain major components of population growth.

- 18 Read the given extract/source carefully and answer the following questions:

The Indus River System

The river Indus rises in Tibet, near Lake Mansarowar. Flowing west, it enters India in the Ladakh district of Jammu and Kashmir. It forms a picturesque gorge in this part. Several tributaries, the Zaskar, the Nubra, the Shyok and the Hunza, join it in the Kashmir region. The Indus flows through Baltistan and Gilgit and emerges from the mountains at Attock. The Satluj, the Beas, the Ravi, the Chenab and the Jhelum join together to enter the Indus near Mithankot in Pakistan. Beyond this, the Indus flows southwards eventually reaching the Arabian Sea, east of Karachi. The Indus plain has a very gentle slope. With a total length of 2900 km, the Indus is one of the longest rivers of the world. A little over a third of the Indus basin is located in India, Ladakh, Jammu and Kashmir, Himachal Pradesh and Punjab and the rest is in Pakistan.

- 1) What kind of feature is formed in upper course of Indus river? (1)
2) Where does Indus river drain into? (1)
3) When and why was Indus Water Treaty signed? (2)

19. Map Skill - Based Questions

Mark following on Political map of India :

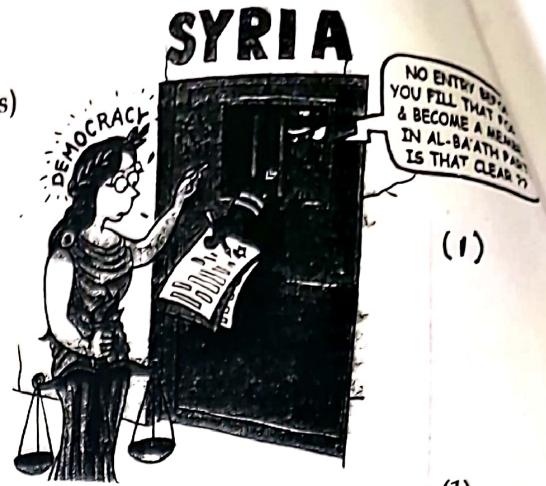
- i) an area with lowest density of population ii) Konkan coast iii) Chilika lake

(3)

Section - C
Political Science (20 Marks)

20 What does the crown of leaves on democracy in the picture represent?

- a) Sign of Victory
- b) Sign of intellect
- c) Sign of Loss
- d) Sign of Dictatorship



(1)

21 There are two statements - Assertion (A), Reason (R). Find the appropriate option given below:

- a) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A.
- b) Both A and R are true and R is not the correct explanation of A.
- c) A is true but R is false.
- d) A is false but R is true.

Assertion (A) : The Congress Party led by Indira Gandhi gave the slogan of 'Garibi Hatao' (Remove Poverty) in the Lok Sabha elections of 1971.

Reason (R) : The party promised to reorient all the policies of the Government to remove poverty from the country.

(1)

22 Which of the following countries is ruled by a hereditary king?

- a) Afghanistan b) Bangladesh c) Saudi Arabia d) Iran

(1)

23 The Mandal Commission was set up to investigate the conditions of _____.

- a) Scheduled castes b) Scheduled Tribes
- c) Women d) Socially and Educationally Backward classes

(1)

24 How does democracy enhance the dignity of citizens?

(2)

25 Why is Preamble called the preface of Indian Constitution?

(2)

26 What system of declaration has been introduced on directions from the Supreme Court regarding nomination of candidate in election?

(3)

27 A) How is the President of India elected? Discuss powers and function of President in detail.

(5)

OR

B) Examine Right to Equality as guaranteed by the Indian Constitution in detail.

28 Read the given text and answer the following questions:

Since 1950, the blacks, coloured and Indians fought against the apartheid system. They launched protest marches and strikes. The African National Congress (ANC) was the umbrella organization that led the struggle against the policies of segregation. This included many workers unions and the Communist Party. Many sensitive whites also joined the ANC to oppose apartheid and played a leading role in this struggle. Several countries denounced apartheid as unjust and racist. But the white racist government continued to rule by detaining, torturing and killing thousands of black and coloured people.

A-4

- 1) What do you understand by apartheid? (1)
- 2) Did any white people support the anti - apartheid movement? How? (1)
- 3) In what ways did apartheid represent a violation of human rights and dignity? (2)

Section - D
Economics (20 Marks)

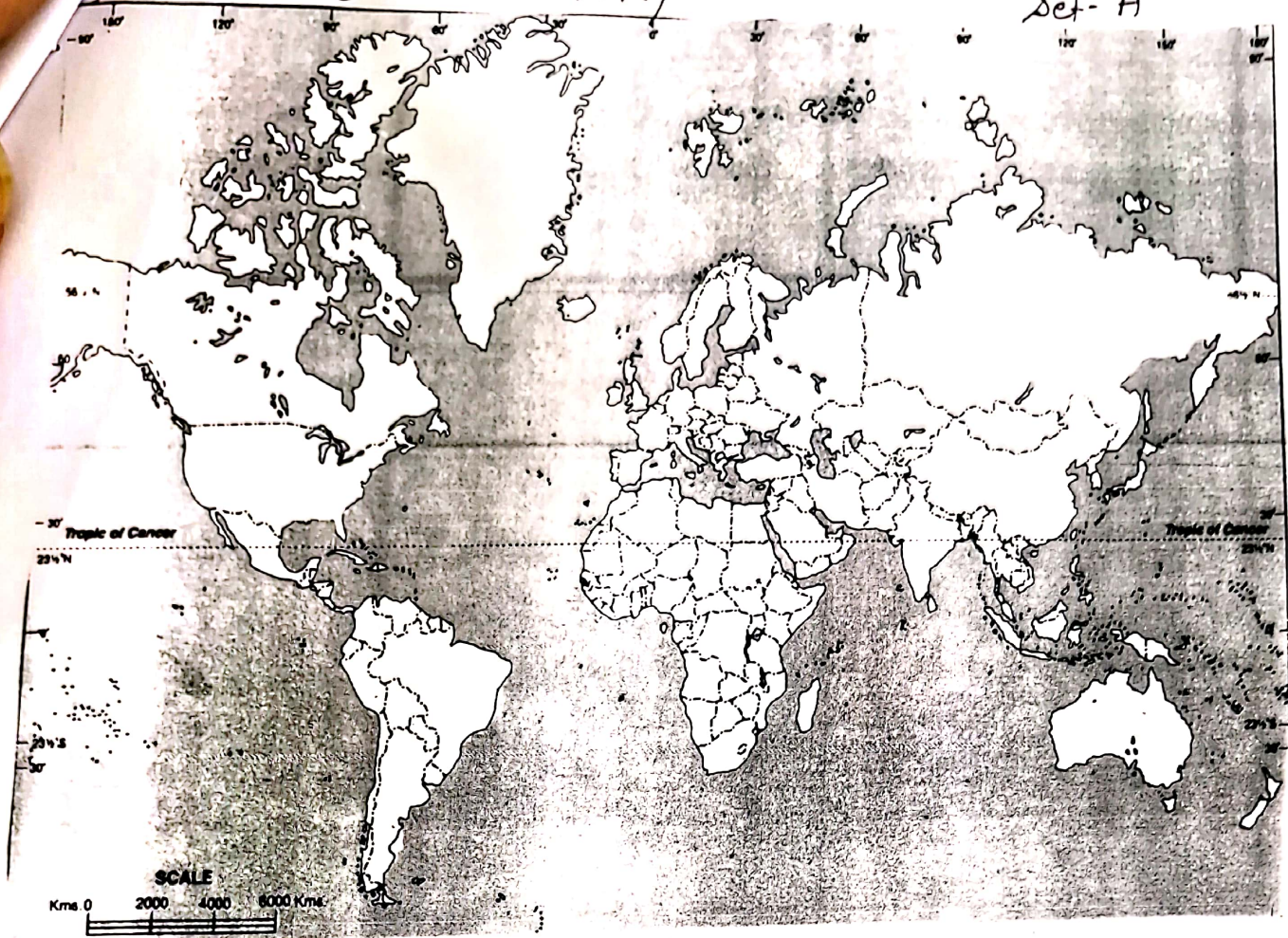
29. Due to _____ reason, there is division of labour between men and women in India. (1)
 a) Economic and farming b) education and employment
 c) discrimination and inequality d) historical and cultural
30. _____ has detrimental effect on overall growth of economy (1)
 a) Population b) Underemployment c) Poverty d) Unemployment
31. In which state, Public distribution system of food has been responsible for reducing poverty? (1)
 a) Tamil Nadu b) West Bengal c) Bihar d) Kerala
32. **Assertion (A) :** The official definition of poverty, captures only a limited part of what poverty really means to people. (1)
Reason (R) : It is about a "maximum" subsistence level of living rather than a "reasonable" level of living.
There are two statements - Assertion (A), Reason (R). Find the appropriate option given below:
 a) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of the A.
 b) Both A and R are true and R is not the correct explanation of A.
 c) A is true but R is false.
 d) A is false but R is true.
33. _____ is a payment that a government makes to a producer to supplement market price of a commodity. (1)
 a) Grant b) Issue Price c) Subsidy d) Selling Price
34. _____ is declared by Government every year before sowing season to provide incentive to farmers. (1)
 a) MSP b) MRP c) Issue Price d) Discount
35. Suggest measures to mitigate problem of educated unemployment in India. (3)
36. Describe how poverty line is measured in India. (3)
37. Name and explain important Food Intervention Programs launched by Government. (3)
38. A) What has Government of India done to provide food security? Explain any 2 schemes launched by government. (5)

OR

B) Discuss the causes responsible for widespread poverty in India.

HISTORY

Set - A



GEOGRAPHY

